WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2020 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 717

SENATORS MARONEY, CLINE, HAMILTON, PREZIOSO,
RUCKER, SWOPE, SYPOLT, TAKUBO, TRUMP, WELD,
STOLLINGS, AND SMITH, *original sponsors*[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary; reported on February 13, 2020]

1	A BILL to amend and reenact §9-6-1, §9-6-2, §9-6-3, §9-6-4, §9-6-5, §9-6-6, §9-6-7, §9-6-8, §9-
2	6-9, §9-6-10, §9-6-11, §9-6-13, and §9-6-16 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as
3	amended, all relating to adult protective services, abuse, neglect, and vulnerable adults;
4	defining terms; replacing old terms and adding new terms; and providing for the release
5	of investigative summaries of substantiated and unsubstantiated reports of abuse,
6	neglect, or financial exploitation to certain individuals.
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
	ARTICLE 6. SOCIAL SERVICES FOR ADULTS.
	§9-6-1. Definitions.
1	As used in this article:
2	(1) "Adult protective services agency" means any public or nonprofit private agency,
3	corporation, board, or organization furnishing protective services to adults;
4	(2) "Adult protective services" means services provided to vulnerable adults as the
5	secretary may specify and may include, but are not limited to, services such as:
6	(A) Receiving reports of adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation;
7	(B) Investigating the reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation;
8	(C) Case planning, monitoring, evaluation, and other case work and services; and
9	(D) Providing, arranging for, or facilitating the provision of medical, social service,
10	economic, legal, housing, law enforcement, or other protective, emergency, or support services;
11	(2) (3) "Abuse" means the infliction or threat to inflict of physical or psychological harm,
12	including the use of undue influence pain or injury on or the imprisonment of any incapacitated
13	vulnerable adult or facility resident;
14	(3) (4) "Neglect" means the unreasonable failure by a caregiver to provide the care

15 necessary to assure maintain the physical safety or health of an incapacitated a vulnerable adult

16 or self-neglect by a vulnerable adult, including the use of undue influence by a caregiver to cause

17 <u>self-neglect;</u>

(4) (5) "Incapacitated <u>Vulnerable</u> adult" means any person <u>over the age of 18, or an</u>
 <u>emancipated minor</u>, who by reason of physical, <u>mental or other infirmity</u> <u>or mental condition</u> is
 unable to independently carry on the daily activities of life necessary to sustaining life and
 reasonable health <u>and protection</u>;

(5) (6) "Emergency" or "emergency situation" means a situation or set of circumstances
 which presents a substantial and immediate risk of death or serious injury to an incapacitated <u>a</u>
 vulnerable adult;

25 (6) (7) "Financial exploitation" means the intentional misappropriation, or misuse, or use
26 of undue influence to cause the misuse of funds or assets of an incapacitated a vulnerable adult
27 or facility resident, but does not apply to a transaction or disposition of funds or assets where a
28 person made a good-faith effort to assist the incapacitated vulnerable adult or facility resident
29 with the management of his or her money or other things of value;

30 (7) (8) "Legal representative" means a person lawfully invested with the power, and 31 charged with the duty, of taking care of another person or with managing the property and rights 32 of another person, including, but not limited to, a guardian, conservator, durable power of 33 attorney representative, springing power of attorney representative, financial power of attorney 34 representative, medical power of attorney representative, trustee, or other duly appointed 35 person;

36 (8) (9) "Nursing home" or "facility" means any institution, residence, intermediate care
37 facility for individuals with an intellectual disability, care home, or any other adult residential
38 facility, or any part or unit thereof, that is subject to the provisions of §16-5C-1 *et seq.*, §16-5D39 1 *et seq.*, §16-5E-1 *et seq.*, or §16-5H-1 *et seq.* of this code;

40 (9) (10) "Regional long-term care ombudsman" means any paid staff of a designated
41 regional long-term care ombudsman program who has obtained appropriate certification from
42 the Bureau of Senior Services and meets the qualifications set forth in §16-5I-7 §16-5L-7 of this
43 code;

44 (10) (11) "Facility resident" means an individual living in a nursing home or other facility,
45 as that term is defined in subdivision (7) (9) of this section;

46 (12) "Responsible family member" means a member of a resident's family who has
47 undertaken primary responsibility for the care of the resident and who has established a working
48 relationship with the nursing home or other facility in which the resident resides. For purposes of
49 this article, a responsible family member may include someone other than the resident's legal
50 representative;

(12) "State long-term care ombudsman" means an individual who meets the
qualifications of <u>\$16-5I-5</u> <u>\$16-5L-5</u> of this code and who is employed by the State Bureau of
Senior Services to implement the State Long-term Care Ombudsman Program;

54 (13) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human55 Resources;

56 (14) "Caregiver" means a person or entity who cares for or shares in the responsibility for the care of an incapacitated adult on a full-time or temporary basis, regardless of whether 57 58 such person or entity has been designated as a guardian or custodian of the incapacitated adult 59 by any contract, agreement or legal procedures. Caregiver includes health care providers, family 60 members, and any person who otherwise voluntarily accepts a supervisory role towards an 61 incapacitated adult. means an individual who is responsible for the care of a vulnerable adult or 62 a facility resident, either voluntarily, by contract, by receipt of payment for care, or as a result of 63 the operation of law, and means a family member or other individual who provides (on behalf of 64 such individual or of a public or private agency, organization, or institution) compensated or uncompensated care to an adult with disabilities or a facility resident who needs supportive 65 services in any setting; and 66 67 (15) "Fiduciary" means a person or entity with the legal responsibility to make decisions on behalf of and for the benefit of another person; to act in good faith and with fairness; and 68

69 includes a trustee, a guardian, a conservator, an executor or an agent under a financial power

70 of attorney.

§9-6-2. Adult protective services; immunity from civil liability; rules; organization and duties.

(a) There is continued within the Department of Health and Human Resources the system
 of adult protective services heretofore existing.

3 (b) The secretary shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the 4 provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code regarding the organization and duties of the adult 5 protective services system and the procedures to be used by the department to effectuate the 6 purposes of this article. The rules may be amended and supplemented from time to time.

(c) The secretary shall design and arrange such rules to attain, or move toward the
attainment of, the following goals to the extent that the secretary believes feasible under the
provisions of this article within the state appropriations and other funds available:

(1) Assisting <u>vulnerable</u> adults who are abused, neglected, <u>or</u> financially exploited or
 incapacitated in achieving or maintaining self-sufficiency and self-support and preventing,
 reducing, and eliminating their dependency on the state;

13 (2) Preventing, reducing, and eliminating neglect, financial exploitation, and abuse of
14 adults who are unable to protect their own interests;

(3) Preventing and reducing institutional care of adults by providing less intensive forms
of care, preferably in the home;

17 (4) Referring and admitting abused, neglected, <u>or</u> financially exploited <u>or incapacitated</u>
 18 <u>vulnerable</u> adults to institutional care only where other available services are inappropriate;

(5) Providing services and monitoring to adults in institutions designed to assist adults in
 returning to community settings;

(6) Preventing, reducing, and eliminating the exploitation of incapacitated <u>vulnerable</u>
 adults and facility residents through the joint efforts of the various agencies of the Department of
 Health and Human Resources, the adult protective services system, the state and regional long-

term care ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential facilities, and countyprosecutors;

(7) Preventing, reducing, and eliminating abuse, neglect, and financial exploitation of
 residents in nursing homes or facilities; and

(8) Coordinating investigation activities for complaints of financial exploitation, abuse, and
neglect of incapacitated <u>vulnerable</u> adults and facility residents among the various agencies of
the Department of Health and Human Resources, the adult protective services system, the state
and regional long-term care ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential
facilities, county prosecutors, if necessary, and other state or federal agencies or officials, as
appropriate.

(d) No <u>An</u> adult protective services caseworker may <u>not</u> be held personally liable for any
professional decision or action thereupon arrived at in the performance of his or her official duties
as set forth in this section or agency rules promulgated thereupon: *Provided*, That nothing in this
subsection protects any adult protective services worker from any liability arising from the
operation of a motor vehicle or for any loss caused by gross negligence, willful and wanton
misconduct or intentional misconduct.

40 (e) The rules proposed by the secretary shall provide for the means by which the
41 department shall cooperate with federal, state, and other agencies to fulfill the objectives of the
42 system of adult protective services.

§9-6-3. Cooperation among agencies; termination and reduction of assistance by commissioner.

The secretary shall direct the coordination of the investigation of complaints of abuse, or neglect, <u>or financial exploitation</u> made pursuant to this article, and the various agencies of the department, the adult protective services system, the state and regional long-term care ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential facilities, county prosecutors, and any other applicable state or federal agency shall cooperate among each other for the

6 purposes of observing, reporting, investigating, and acting upon complaints of abuse, or neglect,

7 <u>or financial exploitation</u> of any incapacitated <u>vulnerable</u> adult or facility resident in this state.

§9-6-4. Action to abate abuse, neglect, or emergency, or financial exploitation.

1 The department or any reputable person may bring and maintain an action against any 2 person having actual care, custody, or control of an incapacitated a vulnerable adult, for injunctive 3 relief, including a preliminary injunction, to restrain and abate any abuse, or neglect, or financial 4 exploitation of an incapacitated a vulnerable adult or to abate an emergency situation. In any such 5 proceeding the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem, to protect the interests of the incapacitated 6 vulnerable adult, who shall not be an employee of the state, nor be a party to the proceeding, nor 7 be selected by, or in the employ of, any party to the proceeding: *Provided*, That the court may by 8 order terminate assistance granted or paid to any person found to have abused, or neglected, or 9 financially exploited an incapacitated a vulnerable adult and order any such assistance to be paid 10 to another person solely for the use and benefit of such abused, or neglected, or financially 11 exploited person, and grant such other equitable relief as may be appropriate in the circumstances 12 to restrain and abate such abuse or neglect: *Provided, however*, That in the case of an action to 13 abate an emergency situation, the court may grant the relief authorized in §9-6-5 of this code.

§9-6-5. Emergency immediate remedial treatment; procedure.

1 Whenever a circuit court shall find in an action to abate an emergency situation that there 2 is probable cause to believe that an incapacitated a vulnerable adult is in an emergency situation 3 and that the person or persons having the immediate care, custody, and control of such 4 incapacitated vulnerable adult refuses to take necessary steps to alleviate such emergency, or that such incapacitated vulnerable adult is without the actual care, custody, and control of any 5 6 persons, it may issue an order of attachment for such incapacitated vulnerable adult and direct 7 that the peace officer executing the same deliver such incapacitated vulnerable adult in his 8 custody to a hospital or other safe place except a jail, for immediate remedial treatment to reduce 9 or avoid the risk of death or serious injury. In the event that an order of attachment is issued

pursuant to this section, any peace officer executing the order, and such employees of the department the peace officer directs to accompany him, may enter into the place of abode to remove such incapacitated <u>vulnerable</u> person, notwithstanding the residence therein of other persons.

If any employee or officer of the department shall by direct observation of an incapacitated a vulnerable adult not in the immediate care, custody, or control of another, have reasonable cause to believe that such incapacitated vulnerable person is then and there in an emergency situation, then such officer or employee may offer transportation to a hospital or other safe place, other than a jail, to such incapacitated vulnerable adult for immediate remedial treatment to reduce or avoid the risk of death or serious injury.

20 Immediately upon delivery of any incapacitated vulnerable person to such hospital or other 21 safe place, such officer or employee shall apply to the circuit court for and the court shall appoint, 22 and in the case of an attachment the court shall contemporaneously with its issuance appoint, a 23 guardian ad litem who shall not be an employee of the state, nor be an interested party, nor be 24 selected by, nor in the employ of, any interested party, to represent the interests of such 25 incapacitated vulnerable adult, and the court shall fix a time, not later than one judicial day later, 26 to determine if such remedial treatment shall continue or such incapacitated vulnerable adult 27 should be released. A copy of that attachment and notice of such hearing shall be served on any 28 person in whose actual care, custody, and control such incapacitated vulnerable adult is found. If 29 further remedial treatment is required, application shall be promptly made to the county 30 commission or such other proper tribunal for appropriate relief: *Provided*. That the commitment for further remedial treatment may be continued until proceedings for such appropriate relief be 31 32 concluded: *Provided, however*, That application for release from such remedial treatment may be 33 made and granted at any time that the emergency ceases.

§9-6-6. Payment and termination of payment for services to incapacitated <u>a vulnerable</u> adult.

1 If any incapacitated vulnerable adult (1) requires and is granted remedial treatment for an 2 emergency, or the department determines that an incapacitated a vulnerable adult is (2) abused, 3 or (3) neglected, or financially exploited, the department may pay any assistance granted for the 4 use and benefit of such incapacitated vulnerable adult to the person actually providing care for 5 such adult, and terminate payments to any person alleged or shown to have abused, or neglected, 6 or financially exploited such incapacitated vulnerable adult, or to whom such payments were 7 made prior to such remedial treatment, for so long as such remedial treatment continues, or until 8 such abuse, or neglect, or financial exploitation is abated, and such incapacitated vulnerable adult 9 continues to be in the immediate care, custody, and control of such person.

§9-6-7. Comprehensive system of adult protective services; compulsory assistance prohibited.

1 The department shall develop a plan for a comprehensive system of adult protective 2 services, including social casework, medical and psychiatric services, home care, day care, 3 counseling, research, and others to achieve the goals of this article.

It shall offer such services as are available and appropriate in the circumstances to persons who, other than for compensation, have or intend to have the actual, physical custody and control of an incapacitated <u>a vulnerable</u> adult and to such incapacitated <u>vulnerable</u> adults or to adults who may request and be entitled to such protective services: *Provided*, That except as expressly provided in this article, the department may not directly or indirectly compel the acceptance of such services by any person or discriminate against a person who refuses such services.

§9-6-8. Confidentiality of records.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all records of the department, state and
 regional long-term care ombudsmen, nursing home or facility administrators, the Office of Health
 Facility Licensure and Certification, and all protective services agencies concerning an adult or
 facility resident under this article are confidential and may not be released, except in accordance

5 with the provisions of §9-6-11 of this code.

(b) Unless the <u>vulnerable</u> adult concerned is receiving adult protective services, or unless
there are pending proceedings with regard to <u>regarding</u> the <u>vulnerable</u> adult, the records
maintained by the adult protective services agency shall be destroyed thirty <u>30</u> years following
their preparation.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section or any other provision
of this code to the contrary, all records concerning reports of abuse, neglect, or <u>financial</u>
exploitation of <u>a</u> vulnerable adult, including all records generated as a result of such reports, may
be made available to:

14 (1) Employees or agents of the department who need access to the records for official15 business;

16 (2) Any law-enforcement agency investigating a report of known or suspected abuse,
17 neglect, or <u>financial</u> exploitation of a vulnerable adult;

(3) The prosecuting attorney of the judicial circuit in which the vulnerable adult resides or
in which the alleged abuse, neglect, or <u>financial</u> exploitation occurred;

(4) A circuit court or the Supreme Court of Appeals subpoenaing the records. The court
shall, before permitting use of the records in connection with any court proceeding, review the
records for relevancy and materiality to the issues in the proceeding. The court may issue an
order to limit the examination and use of the records or any part of the record;

(5) A grand jury, by subpoena, upon its determination that access to the records is
 necessary in the conduct of its official business;

26 (6) The recognized protection and advocacy agency for the disabled of the State of West
27 Virginia;

28 (7) The victim; and

(8) The victim's legal representative, unless he or she is the subject of an investigationunder this article.

31 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section or any other provision
32 of this code to the contrary, summaries concerning substantiated investigative reports of abuse,
33 neglect, or financial exploitation of vulnerable adults may be made available to:

34 (1) Any person who the department has determined to have abused, neglected, or
 35 <u>financially</u> exploited the victim.

36 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section or any other provision
 37 of this code to the contrary, summaries concerning substantiated and unsubstantiated
 38 investigative reports of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of vulnerable adults may be made
 39 available to:

40 (2) (1) Any appropriate official of the state or regional long-term care ombudsman
 41 investigating a report of known or suspected abuse, neglect or <u>financial</u> exploitation of a
 42 vulnerable adult;

43 (3) (2) Any person engaged in bona fide research or auditing, as defined by the
44 department. However, information identifying the subjects of the report may not be made available
45 to the researcher;

46 (4) (3) Employees or agents of an agency of another state that has jurisdiction to 47 investigate known or suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of vulnerable adults;

48 (5) (4) A professional person when the information is necessary for the diagnosis and
 49 treatment of, and service delivery to, a vulnerable adult; and

50 (6) (5) A department administrative hearing officer when the hearing officer determines
 51 the information is necessary for the determination of an issue before the officer.

52 (e) (f) The identity of any person reporting abuse, neglect, or <u>financial</u> exploitation of a 53 vulnerable adult may not be released without that person's written consent to any person other 54 than employees of the department responsible for protective services or the appropriate 55 prosecuting attorney or law-enforcement agency. This subsection grants protection only for the 56 person who reported the abuse, neglect, or <u>financial</u> exploitation and protects only the fact that

57 the person is the reporter. This subsection does not prohibit the subpoena of a person reporting 58 the abuse, neglect, or <u>financial</u> exploitation when deemed necessary by the prosecuting attorney 59 or the department to protect a vulnerable adult who is the subject of a report, if the fact that the 60 person made the report is not disclosed.

§9-6-9. Mandatory reporting of incidences of abuse, neglect, <u>financial exploitation</u>, or emergency situation.

1 (a) If any medical, dental, or mental health professional, Christian Science practitioner, 2 religious healer, social service worker, law-enforcement officer, humane officer, state or regional 3 ombudsman or any employee of any nursing home or other residential facility, has reasonable 4 cause to believe that an incapacitated a vulnerable adult or facility resident is or has been 5 neglected, abused, financially exploited or placed in an emergency situation, or if such person 6 observes an incapacitated a vulnerable adult or facility resident being subjected to conditions that 7 are likely to result in abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or an emergency situation, the person 8 shall immediately report the circumstances pursuant to the provisions of §9-6-11 of this code: 9 Provided, That nothing in this article is intended to prevent individuals from reporting on their own 10 behalf.

(b) In addition to those persons and officials specifically required to report situations
involving suspected abuse, or neglect, or financial exploitation of an incapacitated a vulnerable
adult or facility resident, or the existence of an emergency situation, any other person may make
such a report.

15 (c) The secretary shall develop a form for the filing of written complaints, as provided by 16 section eleven of this article, and provide these forms to all nursing homes or other residential 17 facilities, hospitals, ombudsmen and adult protective service agencies in this state. The forms 18 shall be designed to protect the identity of the complainant, if desired, and to facilitate the prompt 19 filing of complaints.

20

(d) (c) The Department of Health and Human Resources shall develop and implement a

21 procedure to notify any person mandated to report suspected abuse and neglect of an 22 incapacitated <u>a vulnerable</u> adult or facility resident of whether an investigation into the reported 23 suspected abuse, or neglect, <u>or financial exploitation</u> has been initiated and when the 24 investigation is completed.

25 (d) Financial institutions and their employees, as defined by §31A-2A-1 of this code and as permitted by §31A-2A-4(13) of this code, others engaged in financially related activities, as 26 27 defined by §31A-8C-1 of this code, caregivers, relatives, and other concerned persons are 28 permitted to report suspected cases of financial exploitation to state or federal law-enforcement authorities, the county prosecuting attorney, and to the Department of Health and Human 29 30 Resources, Adult Protective Services Division, or Medicaid Fraud Division, as appropriate. Public officers and employees are required to report suspected cases of financial exploitation to the 31 32 appropriate entities as stated above. The requisite agencies shall investigate or cause the 33 investigation of the allegations.

§9-6-10. Mandatory reporting to medical examiner or coroner; postmortem investigation.

(a) Any person or official who is required under §9-6-9 of this code to report cases of
 suspected abuse, or neglect, or financial exploitation, and who has probable cause to believe that
 an incapacitated a vulnerable adult or facility resident has died as a result of abuse or neglect,
 shall report that fact to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner.

5 (b) Upon the receipt of such a report, the medical examiner or coroner shall cause an 6 investigation to be made and shall report the findings to the local law-enforcement agency, the 7 local prosecuting attorney, the department's local adult protective services agency, and, if the 8 institution making a report is a hospital, nursing home, or other residential facility, to the 9 administrator of the facility, the state and regional long-term care ombudsman, and the Office of 10 Health Facility Licensure and Certification.

§9-6-11. Reporting procedures.

1

(a) A report of neglect, or abuse, or financial exploitation of an incapacitated a vulnerable

2 adult or facility resident, or of an emergency situation involving such an adult, shall be made 3 immediately, and not more than 48 hours after suspecting abuse, neglect or financial exploitation, 4 to the department's adult protective services agency by a method established by the department. 5 Provided, That if the method for reporting is web-based, the Department of Health and Human 6 Resources shall maintain a system for addressing emergency situations that require immediate 7 attention and shall be followed by a written report by the complainant or the receiving agency 8 within 48 hours. The department shall, upon receiving any such report, take such action as may 9 be appropriate and shall maintain a record thereof. The department shall receive telephonic 10 reports on its 24-hour, seven-day-a-week, toll-free number established to receive calls reporting 11 cases of suspected or known adult abuse or neglect. 12 (b) A copy of any report of abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or emergency situation 13 shall be immediately filed with the following agencies: 14 (1) The Department of Health and Human Resources; 15 (2) The appropriate law-enforcement agency and the prosecuting attorney, if necessary; 16 or

17 (3) In case of a death, to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner's office.

(c) If the person who is alleged to be abused, or financially exploited is a
resident of a nursing home or other residential facility, a copy of the report shall also be filed with
the state or regional long-term care ombudsman and the administrator of the nursing home or
facility.

(d) The department shall omit from such report in the first instance, the name of the person
 making a report, when requested by such person.

(e) (d) Reports of known or suspected institutional abuse, er neglect, or financial
 exploitation of an incapacitated a vulnerable adult or facility resident, or the existence of an
 emergency situation in an institution, nursing home, or other residential facility shall be made,
 received, and investigated in the same manner as other reports provided for in this article. In the

case of a report regarding an institution, nursing home, or residential facility, the department shall
immediately cause an investigation to be conducted.

30 (f) Upon receipt of a written complaint, the department shall coordinate an investigation
 31 pursuant to § 9–6–3 of this code and applicable state or federal laws, rules, or regulations.

§9-6-13. Abrogation of privileged communications.

The privileged status of communications between husband and wife, and with any person required to make reports under §9-6-9 or §9-6-10 of this code, except communications between an attorney and his <u>or her</u> client, is hereby abrogated in circumstances involving suspected or known abuse, or neglect, <u>or financial exploitation</u> of an incapacitated <u>a vulnerable</u> adult, or where the <u>incapacitated vulnerable</u> adult is in a known or suspected emergency situation.

§9-6-16. Compelling production of information.

(a)(1) In order to obtain information regarding the location of an adult who is the subject
of an allegation of abuse, er neglect, or financial exploitation, the Secretary of the Department of
Health and Human Resources may serve, by certified mail, personal service, or facsimile, an
administrative subpoena on any corporation, partnership, business, or organization for production
of information leading to determining the location of the adult. In case of disobedience to the
subpoena, the Division of Adult Protective Services may petition any circuit court to require the
production of information.

8 (2) In case of disobedience to the subpoena, in compelling the production of information, 9 the secretary may invoke the aid of: (A) The circuit court with jurisdiction over the served party, if 10 the entity served is located in this state; or (B) the circuit court of the county in which the local 11 protective services office conducting the investigation is located, if the entity served is a 12 nonresident.

(3) A circuit court shall not enforce an administrative subpoena unless it finds that: (A) The
investigation is one the Division of Adult Protective Services is authorized to make and is being
conducted pursuant to a legitimate purpose; (B) the inquiry is relevant to that purpose; (C) the

- 16 inquiry is not too broad or indefinite; (D) the information sought is not already in the possession
- 17 of the Division of Adult Protective Services; and (E) any administrative steps required by law have
- 18 been followed.
- (4) If circumstances arise where the secretary, or his or her designee, determines it
 necessary to compel an individual to provide information regarding the location of an adult who is
 the subject of an allegation of abuse, or neglect, or financial exploitation, the secretary, or his or
 her designee, may seek a subpoena from the circuit court with jurisdiction over the individual from
 whom the information is sought.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to add new definitions, replace archaic language, provide for the sharing of information for the protections of vulnerable adults and for providing Adult Protective Services with best practices in investigating allegations of financial exploitation.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.